

Phys. 402
Spring 2010
Qu-Ex 1 - Solutions

$$1) \quad t_R = t - \frac{R(t_R)}{c}$$

$$\frac{\partial t_R}{\partial t} = 1 - \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial t_R}{\partial t} \frac{\partial R}{\partial t_R}$$

$$\frac{\partial t_R}{\partial t} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial R}{\partial t_R}}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t_R} \sqrt{r^2 - 2\vec{r} \cdot \vec{r}_0(t_R) + r_0^2(t_R)}$$

$$= \frac{-2\vec{r} \cdot \vec{v}(t_R) + 2\vec{r}_0 \cdot \vec{v}}{2\sqrt{\quad}}$$

$$\frac{\partial R}{\partial t_R} = -\hat{n} \cdot \vec{v}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{\partial t_R}{\partial t} = \frac{1}{1 - \hat{n} \cdot \vec{\beta}}}$$

$$2) \quad \frac{\partial R}{c \partial t} = \frac{\partial t_R}{\partial t} \quad \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial R}{\partial t_R} = \frac{1}{(1 - \hat{n} \cdot \vec{\beta})} \left(-\hat{n} \cdot \frac{\vec{v}}{c} \right) = - \frac{\hat{n} \cdot \vec{\beta}}{1 - \hat{n} \cdot \vec{\beta}}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial R}{\partial t} = - \frac{\hat{n} \cdot \vec{\beta}}{1 - \hat{n} \cdot \vec{\beta}}}$$

$$3) \quad \nabla ct_R = \nabla (ct - R) = -\nabla R$$

$$R = R(\vec{r}, t_R) \text{ and } t_R = t_R(t, \vec{r})$$

$$\frac{\partial R}{\partial \vec{r}} = \frac{\partial R}{\partial \vec{r}} \Big|_{t_R} + \frac{\partial t_R}{\partial \vec{r}} \cdot \frac{\partial R}{\partial t_R} \Big|_{\vec{r}}$$

\uparrow kept constant \uparrow kept constant.

$$\nabla R \Big|_{t_R} + \frac{2(\vec{r} - \vec{r}_0)}{2|\vec{r} - \vec{r}_0|} = +\hat{n}$$

$$\frac{\partial R}{\partial t_R} \Big|_{\vec{r}} = -\hat{n} \cdot \vec{v} \text{ (from (1))}$$

$$\nabla R = +\hat{n} + \nabla t_R (-\hat{n} \cdot \vec{v})$$

so $\nabla ct_R = \nabla ct - \nabla R = -\frac{\hat{n}}{c} + \nabla t_R \hat{n} \cdot \vec{v}$

$$\nabla t_R = \frac{-\hat{n}/c}{1 - \vec{\beta} \cdot \hat{n}}$$

$$\nabla ct_R = -\frac{\hat{n}}{1 - \vec{\beta} \cdot \hat{n}}$$

$$4) \quad \nabla R = \hat{n} + \left(-\frac{\hat{n}/c}{1 - \vec{\beta} \cdot \hat{n}} \right) (-\hat{n} \cdot \vec{v}) = \frac{\hat{n}}{1 - \vec{\beta} \cdot \hat{n}}$$

$$\nabla R = -\nabla ct_R = \frac{\hat{n}}{1 - \vec{\beta} \cdot \hat{n}}$$